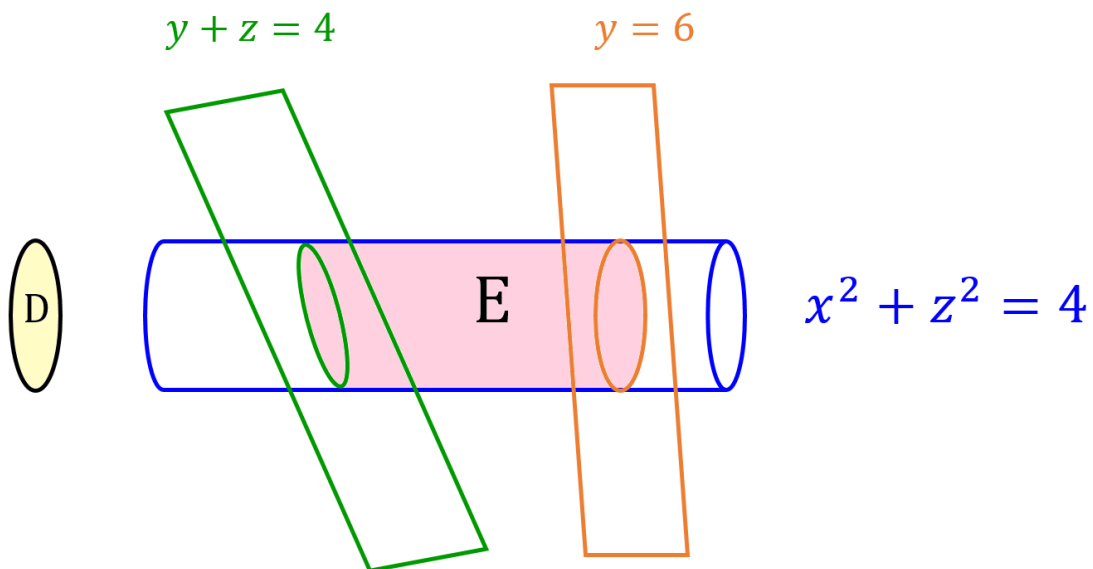


## MATH 251 – QUIZ 8 – SOLUTIONS

Question 1: (5 points)

### STEP 1: Picture

$x^2 + z^2 = 4$  is a cylinder in the  $y$ -direction, so the solid faces the  $y$ -direction



### STEP 2: Inequalities

$$y + z = 4 \Rightarrow y = 4 - z$$

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*Date:* Friday, November 5, 2021.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Left} &\leq y \leq \text{Right} \\ 4 - z &\leq y \leq 6 \\ 4 - r \sin(\theta) &\leq y \leq 6 \end{aligned}$$

**STEP 3: Find  $D$** 

$D$  is a disk of radius 2, so we have

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\leq r \leq 2 \\ 0 &\leq \theta \leq 2\pi \end{aligned}$$

**STEP 4: Integrate**

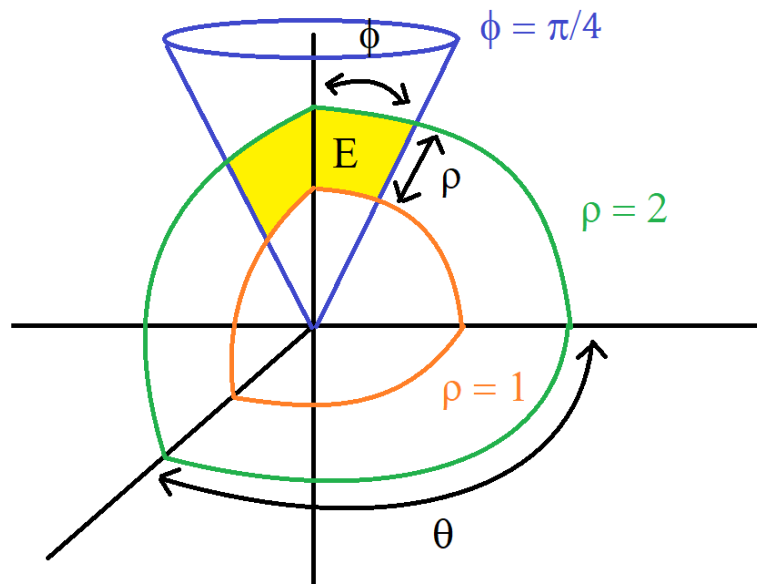
$$\begin{aligned} &\int \int \int_E 4 \, dx \, dy \, dz \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_{4-r \sin(\theta)}^6 4r \, dy \, dr \, d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 4r (6 - 4 + r \sin(\theta)) \, dr \, d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 8r + 4r^2 \sin(\theta) \, dr \, d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[ 4r^2 + \frac{4}{3}r^3 \sin(\theta) \right]_{r=0}^{r=2} d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} 16 + \frac{4(8)}{3} \sin(\theta) d\theta \\ &= \left[ 16\theta - \frac{32}{3} \cos(\theta) \right]_0^{2\pi} \\ &= 16(2\pi) - 0 \\ &= 32\pi \end{aligned}$$

**Question 2:** (5 points)**STEP 1: Picture**

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1 \Rightarrow \rho = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4 \Rightarrow \rho = 2$$

$$z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \Rightarrow \phi = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

**STEP 2: Inequalities**

$$1 \leq \rho \leq 2$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$$

**STEP 3: Integrate**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \int \int_E x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \, dx dy dz \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_1^2 \rho^2 \rho^2 \sin(\phi) \, d\rho d\theta d\phi \\ &= \left( \int_1^2 \rho^4 \, d\rho \right) \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(\phi) \, d\phi \\ &= \left[ \frac{\rho^5}{5} \right]_1^2 \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) [-\cos(\phi)]_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \\ &= \left( \frac{2^5 - 1^5}{5} \right) \left( \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1 \right) \\ &= \frac{31\pi}{10} \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$